L Number	Hits	Search Text	DB	Time stamp
-	40	chiffrement algorithme	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 14:46
-	19565	(encrypt$4 algorithm$2) with circuit	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 14:47
-	454	(encrypt$4 algorithm$2) with circuit with parallel	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 14:49
-	513	(encrypt$4 algorithm$2) with circuit with (parallel ("same time"))	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 14:50
-	615	(encrypt$4 algorithm$2) with circuit with (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 14:50
-	304	((encrypt$4 algorithm$2) with circuit with (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) same (throughput perform$4 output product$4 efficien$4)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 14:52
-	8	((encrypt$4 algorithm$2) with circuit with (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) same (throughput perform$4 output product$4 efficien$4) and (symmetry asymmetry)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 15:06
-	23	((encrypt$4 algorithm$2) with circuit with (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) same (throughput perform$4 output product$4 efficien$4) and (symmetr$2 asymmetr$2)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 15:30
-	51	((encrypt$4 algorithm$2) with (circuit appaatus device) with (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) same (throughput perform$4 output product$4 efficien$4) and (symmetr$2 asymmetr$2)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 15:06
-	54	((encrypt$4 algorithm$2) with (circuit apparatus device) with (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) same (throughput perform$4 output product$4 efficien$4) and (symmetr$2 asymmetr$2)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 15:07
-	29	((encrypt$4 algorithm$2) with (circuit apparatus device) with (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) with (throughput perform$4 output product$4 efficien$4) and (symmetr$2 asymmetr$2)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 16:28
-	25	(((encrypt$4 algorithm$2) with (circuit apparatus device) with (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) same (throughput perform$4 output product$4 efficien$4) and (symmetr$2 asymmetr$2)) not (((encrypt$4 algorithm$2) with (circuit apparatus device) with (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) with (throughput perform$4 output product$4 efficien$4) and (symmetr$2 asymmetr$2))	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 15:23
-	67	((encrypt$4 algorithm$2) with circuit with (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) and ((data information) with (inaccessible separate isolat$4 access$3) with (system))	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 15:33

-	10685	((encrypt$4 algorithm$2) with circuit with (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) and ((data information) with (inaccessible separate isolat$4 access$3) with (system)) ((double dual) adj port)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 15:34
-	6	((encrypt$4 algorithm$2) with circuit with (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) and ((data information) with (inaccessible separate isolat$4 access$3) with (system)) and ((double dual) adj port)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 15:41
-	12	((encrypt$4 algorithm$2) with circuit with (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) and (isolat$4 or separat$4) and ((double dual) adj (bus memory port))	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 15:54
-	111	((encrypt$4 algorithm$2) with (hardware apparatus design system circuit) with (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) and (isolat$4 or separat$4) and ((double dual) adj (bus memory port))	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 16:00
-	67	((encrypt$4 algorithm$2) with (hardware apparatus design system circuit) with (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) and ((isolat$4 or separat$4) with (process$4 system)) and ((double dual) adj (bus memory port))	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 16:01
-	68	((encrypt$4 algorithm$2) with (hardware apparatus design system circuit) with (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) and ((isolat$4 or separat$4) with (process$4 system host computer)) and ((double dual) adj (bus memory port))	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 16:28
-	41	((encrypt$4 algorithm$2) with (hardware apparatus design system circuit) with (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) and ((isolat$4 or separat$4) with (process$4 system host computer)) and ((double dual) adj (bus memory port)) and (symmetr$2 asymmetr$2 key secret)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 16:29
-	66	((encrypt$4 algorithm$2 key cipher) with (hardware apparatus design system circuit) with (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) and ((isolat$4 or separat$4) with (process$4 system host computer)) and ((double dual) adj (bus memory port)) and (symmetr$2 asymmetr$2 key secret cipher)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 16:30
-	63	((encrypt$4 algorithm$2 key cipher) same (hardware apparatus design system circuit) same (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) and ((isolat$4 or separat$4) with (process$4 system host computer)) and ((double dual) adj (bus memory port)) and (symmetr$2 asymmetr$2 key secret cipher) and ((secur$3 protect$3) with (stor$3 memory))	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 16:33
-	56	((encrypt$4 algorithm$2 key cipher) same (hardware apparatus design system circuit) same (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) and ((isolat$4 or separat$4) with (process$4 system host computer)) and ((double dual) adj (bus memory port)) and (symmetr$2 asymmetr$2 key secret cipher) and ((secur$3 protect$3) with (stor$3 memory)) and (programmable fpga gate logic)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 16:35

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-		55	((encrypt$4 algorithm$2 key cipher) same (hardware apparatus design system circuit) same (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) and ((isolat$4 or separat$4) with (process$4 system host computer)) and ((double dual) adj (bus memory port)) and (symmetr$2 asymmetr$2 key secret cipher) and ((secur$3 protect$3) with (stor$3 memory)) and (programmable fpga gate logic) and ((exchang$4 transfer$4) with (host computer system))	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 16:46
-		14	((encrypt$4 algorithm$2 key cipher) same (hardware apparatus design system circuit) same (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) and ((isolat$4 or separat$4) with (process$4 system host computer)) and ((double dual) adj (bus memory port)) and (symmetr$2 asymmetr$2 key secret cipher) and ((secur$3 protect$3) with (stor$3 memory)) and (programmable fpga gate logic) and ((exchang$4 transfer$4) with (host computer system) with pci)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 16:37
-		23	((encrypt$4 algorithm$2 key cipher) same (hardware apparatus design system circuit) same (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) and ((isolat$4 or separat$4) with (process$4 system host computer)) and ((double dual) adj (bus memory port)) and (symmetr$2 asymmetr$2 key secret cipher) and ((secur$3 protect$3) with (stor$3 memory)) and (programmable fpga gate logic) and ((exchang$4 transfer$4) with (host computer system) with (interface pci))	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 16:43
-		0	(((encrypt$4 algorithm$2 key cipher) same (hardware apparatus design system circuit) same (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) and ((isolat$4 or separat$4) with (process$4 system host computer)) and ((double dual) adj (bus memory port)) and (symmetr$2 asymmetr$2 key secret cipher) and ((secur$3 protect$3) with (stor$3 memory)) and (programmable fpga gate logic) and ((exchang$4 transfer$4) with (host computer system) with (interface pci))) not (((encrypt$4 algorithm$2 key cipher) same (hardware apparatus design system circuit) same (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) and ((isolat$4 or separat$4) with (process$4 system host computer)) and ((double dual) adj (bus memory port)) and (symmetr$2 asymmetr$2 key secret cipher) and ((secur$3 protect$3) with (stor$3 memory)) and (programmable fpga gate logic) and ((exchang$4 transfer$4) with (host computer system)))	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 16:43

-	32	((((encrypt$4 algorithm$2 key cipher) same (hardware apparatus design system circuit) same (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) and ((isolat$4 or separat$4) with (process$4 system host computer)) and ((double dual) adj (bus memory port)) and (symmetr$2 asymmetr$2 key secret cipher) and ((secur$3 protect$3) with (stor$3 memory)) and (programmable fpga gate logic) and ((exchang$4 transfer$4) with (host computer system))) not (((encrypt$4 algorithm$2 key cipher) same (hardware apparatus design system circuit) same (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) and ((isolat$4 or separat$4) with (process$4 system host computer)) and ((double dual) adj (bus memory port)) and (symmetr$2 asymmetr$2 key secret cipher) and ((secur$3 protect$3) with (stor$3 memory)) and (programmable fpga gate logic) and ((exchang$4 transfer$4) with (host computer system) with (interface pci)))	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 16:43
-	73	((encrypt$4 algorithm$2 key cipher) same (hardware apparatus design system circuit) same (parallel simultaneous$3 ("same time"))) and ((double dual) adj (bus memory port)) and (symmetr$2 asymmetr$2 key secret cipher) and ((secur$3 protect$3) with (stor$3 memory)) and (programmable fpga gate logic) and ((exchang$4 transfer$4) with (host computer system))	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 16:48
-	75	"5682027" "5805712"	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 17:49
-	36	5805712.URPN.	USPAT	2004/04/27 17:45

| - | | 75 | (US-6427911-$ or US-6431443-$ or US-6453397-$ or US-6484946-$ or US-6488211-$ or US-6505193-$ or US-6507904-$ or US-6510983-$ or US-6542610-$ or US-6633981-$ or US-6643374-$ or US-6647494-$ or US-6659354-$ or US-6678825-$ or US-6687721-$ or US-6697489-$ or US-6700902-$ or US-6641045-$ or US-6629244-$ or US-6633963-$ or US-6401208-$ or US-6389537-$ or US-6425522-$ or US-6427909-$ or US-6427910-$ or US-6571335-$).did. or (US-6575372-$ or US-6603857-$ or US-6389533-$ or US-6357665-$ or US-6385723-$ or US-6357004-$ or US-6202150-$ or US-6209098-$ or US-6219423-$ or US-6220510-$ or US-6230267-$ or US-6233685-$ or US-6260172-$ or US-6293470-$ or US-6297789-$ or US-6317832-$ or US-6320964-$ or US-6328217-$ or US-6354489-$ or US-6125452-$ or US-6145739-$ or US-6151677-$ or US-6151678-$ or US-6164549-$ or US-6167551-$ or US-6181803-$ or US-6189787-$).did. or (US-6014442-$ or US-6021201-$ or US-6052784-$ or US-6058478-$ or US-6070148-$ or US-6076162-$ or US-6088450-$ or US-6091817-$ or US-6095412-$ or US-6115816-$ or US-6122625-$ or US-5905245-$ or US-5912453-$ or US-5923018-$ or US-5949881-$ or US-5974143-$ or US-6000608-$ or US-5682027-$ or US-5805712-$).did. or (US-6145739-$ or US-5682027-$ or US-5805712-$).did. | USPAT; DERWENT | 2004/04/27 17:49 |

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| - | 9628 | ((US-6427911-$ or US-6431443-$ or US-6453397-$ or US-6484946-$ or US-6488211-$ or US-6505193-$ or US-6507904-$ or US-6510983-$ or US-6542610-$ or US-6633981-$ or US-6643374-$ or US-6647494-$ or US-6659354-$ or US-6678825-$ or US-6687721-$ or US-6697489-$ or US-6700902-$ or US-6641045-$ or US-6629244-$ or US-6633963-$ or US-6401208-$ or US-6389537-$ or US-6425522-$ or US-6427909-$ or US-6427910-$ or US-6571335-$).did. or (US-6575372-$ or US-6603857-$ or US-6389533-$ or US-6357665-$ or US-6385723-$ or US-6357004-$ or US-6202150-$ or US-6209098-$ or US-6219423-$ or US-6220510-$ or US-6230267-$ or US-6233685-$ or US-6260172-$ or US-6293470-$ or US-6297789-$ or US-6317832-$ or US-6320964-$ or US-6328217-$ or US-6354489-$ or US-6125452-$ or US-6145739-$ or US-6151677-$ or US-6151678-$ or US-6164549-$ or US-6167551-$ or US-6181803-$ or US-6189787-$).did. or (US-6014442-$ or US-6021201-$ or US-6052784-$ or US-6058478-$ or US-6070148-$ or US-6076162-$ or US-6088450-$ or US-6091817-$ or US-6095412-$ or US-6115816-$ or US-6122625-$ or US-5905245-$ or US-5912453-$ or US-5923018-$ or US-5949881-$ or US-5974143-$ or US-6000608-$ or US-5682027-$ or US-5805712-$).did. or (US-6145739-$ or US-5682027-$ or US-5805712-$).did.) and (symmetr$3 asymmetr$4) (public and secret) | USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB | 2004/04/27 17:50 |

-		38	((US-6427911-$ or US-6431443-$ or US-6453397-$ or US-6484946-$ or US-6488211-$ or US-6505193-$ or US-6507904-$ or US-6510983-$ or US-6542610-$ or US-6633981-$ or US-6643374-$ or US-6647494-$ or US-6659354-$ or US-6678825-$ or US-6687721-$ or US-6697489-$ or US-6700902-$ or US-6641045-$ or US-6629244-$ or US-6633963-$ or US-6401208-$ or US-6389537-$ or US-6425522-$ or US-6427909-$ or US-6427910-$ or US-6571335-$).did. or (US-6575372-$ or US-6603857-$ or US-6389533-$ or US-6357665-$ or US-6385723-$ or US-6357004-$ or US-6202150-$ or US-6209098-$ or US-6219423-$ or US-6220510-$ or US-6230267-$ or US-6233685-$ or US-6260172-$ or US-6293470-$ or US-6297789-$ or US-6317832-$ or US-6320964-$ or US-6328217-$ or US-6354489-$ or US-6125452-$ or US-6145739-$ or US-6151677-$ or US-6151678-$ or US-6164549-$ or US-6167551-$ or US-6181803-$ or US-6189787-$).did. or (US-6014442-$ or US-6021201-$ or US-6052784-$ or US-6058478-$ or US-6070148-$ or US-6076162-$ or US-6088450-$ or US-6091817-$ or US-6095412-$ or US-6115816-$ or US-6122625-$ or US-5905245-$ or US-5912453-$ or US-5923018-$ or US-5949881-$ or US-5974143-$ or US-6000608-$ or US-5682027-$ or US-5805712-$).did. or (US-6145739-$ or US-5682027-$ or US-5805712-$).did.) and ((symmetr$3 asymmetr$4) (public and secret))	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/27 17:50
-		0	6021201.pn. and cmos	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/29 11:19
-		1	6021201.pn. and serial	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/29 11:44
-		1	6021201.pn. and (fpga gate or array)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/29 13:16
-		0	6021201.pn. and eeprom	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/29 13:16
-		0	6021201.pn. and flash	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/29 13:16
-		0	6021201.pn. and nonvolatile	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/29 13:19

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-	661	(((flash adj memory) or eeprom or prom) same (bus interface) same (sram or dram)) and (crypto$ or cipher encrypt$3)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/29 13:24
-	184	(((flash adj memory) or eeprom or prom) same (bus interface) same (sram or dram)) and (crypto$ or cipher encrypt$3) and dma	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/29 13:25
-	62	(((flash adj memory) or eeprom or prom) same (bus interface) same (sram or dram)) and (crypto$ or cipher encrypt$3) and dma and cmos	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/29 13:46
-	221	(((flash adj memory) or eeprom or prom) same (bus interface) same (sram or dram)) and (crypto$ or cipher encrypt$3) and cmos	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/29 13:50
-	37	((((flash adj memory) or eeprom or prom) same (bus interface) same (sram or dram)) and (crypto$ or cipher encrypt$3) and cmos) and intel	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/29 13:47
-	482	cmos with key	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/29 16:33
-	81	cmos with key with (contain$3 stor$3 sav$3)	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/29 16:42
-	4	(cmos with key with (contain$3 stor$3 sav$3)) same reset$4	USPAT; US-PGPUB; EPO; JPO; DERWENT; IBM_TDB	2004/04/29 16:43

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DISCLOSURE TEXT:

    -          This article describes a method of
implementing a
    single-chip microcontroller such that microcode may be
loaded, when
    desirable, in a secure way.
    -          The ability to load microcode into a
microcontroller at IPL is
    advantageous in that one device could be used in a
large number of
    applications, reducing inventory and cost. Microcode
updates could be
    installed without having to change physical hardware.
This also has
    inventory and cost-saving implications.
    -          An obstacle to this approach, however, is that
many
    manufacturers of microcontrollers consider the
microcode proprietary
    and do not wish to have it exposed in plain text while
awaiting
    loading. For example, the microcode which implements a
disk or LAN
    controller on a common microcontroller is valuable.   If
the microcode
    is made public by ex posing it in plain text in open

storage or on
disk, it could simply be copied and used elsewhere.
This article
describes a method by which microcode could be kept in
open storage,
protected by encryption, and then loaded into the
microcontroller at
IPL, where it is decrypted for use.
-            In a typical microcontroller, a microprocessor
executes
microcode out of a Read-Only Memory (ROM), has some
data storage
(RAM), and reads and writes from some I/O (which is how
it connects
to the device(s) that it is controlling). The important
part, for
this discussion, is the microcode ROM.   In typical
applications the
microcode ROM is masked into the microcontroller during
fabrication.
This effectively turns a general-purpose device into a
special-purpose device. At the point where the
microcode becomes
fabricated into the part, the microcontroller becomes a
DASD
controller or a LAN adapter, etc., and can no longer be
changed or
upgraded.
-            One way of fixing the problem is to use
loadable microcode.
This permits a general-purpose device to be customized
or updated by
writing new or additional microcode. The problem with
this, as was
mentioned previously, is one of security. If the
microcode is
exposed in a public area of the system in which the
controller is
used, it can be copied or changed without
authorization. One solution
is to encrypt the microcode for transportation and
storage, and
decrypt it only within the confines of the
microcontroller itself.
-            Fig. 1 shows a block diagram of this type of
system. The
microprocessor, I/O, and RAM remain unchanged. The
microcode ROM is

now split into two segments (both ROM and RAM or EEPROM), and a new
storage element (key storage) is defined. The microcode ROM is now a
smaller ROM which would be common to all devices. This smaller ROM
would have bootstrap and decryption microcode, and be used for
initializing and IPLing the microcontroller.
-       On power-up, reset, or specific command, this common part of
the ROM would load encrypted microcode into a microcode RAM or
EEPROM, decrypt it, and begin execution. The microcode could be
loaded on existing I/O lines or use a dedicated load path if desired.
To allow the decryption of the microcode, the microcontroller must
have the decryption key for the code. This would be kept in the key
storage element (RAM or EEPROM).
-       Both the key storage and the microcode RAM or EEPROM (once it
has been loaded) contain valuable information (the microcode) or the
means to get it (the decryption key), so additional security measures
should be applied. The microcontroller should be fabricated on a
single chip. This prevents probing inter-chip connections. The chip
on which the microcontroller is fabricated should be securely
encapsulated during packaging. Secure encapsulation is a process by
which the chip is coated with a material which obscures the surface
of the chip such that it cannot be effectively examined or probed,
and if removal is attempted, the chip will be ruined, preventing
access to secure data. To provide an additional level of security,
the key store and the microcode store could be CMOS RAM.
This would
make probing or examination more difficult because of

CMOS's
    sensitivity to light and static charge. These RAMs
could be backed
    with a battery when the system was unpowered (in the
same manner as
    any CMOS RAM). This is a common and inexpensive
technique.
        -           The result would be a general-purpose
interface/microcontroller
    which could securely load microcode for which it had
the decryption
    key. Some of the advantages of such a system are:
            1.   A common device could replace a number of
customized
    devices. This is desirable from an inventory and
stocking
    perspective.
        -           2.   Hardware devices could be field updated in
microcode,
    without replacing hardware.
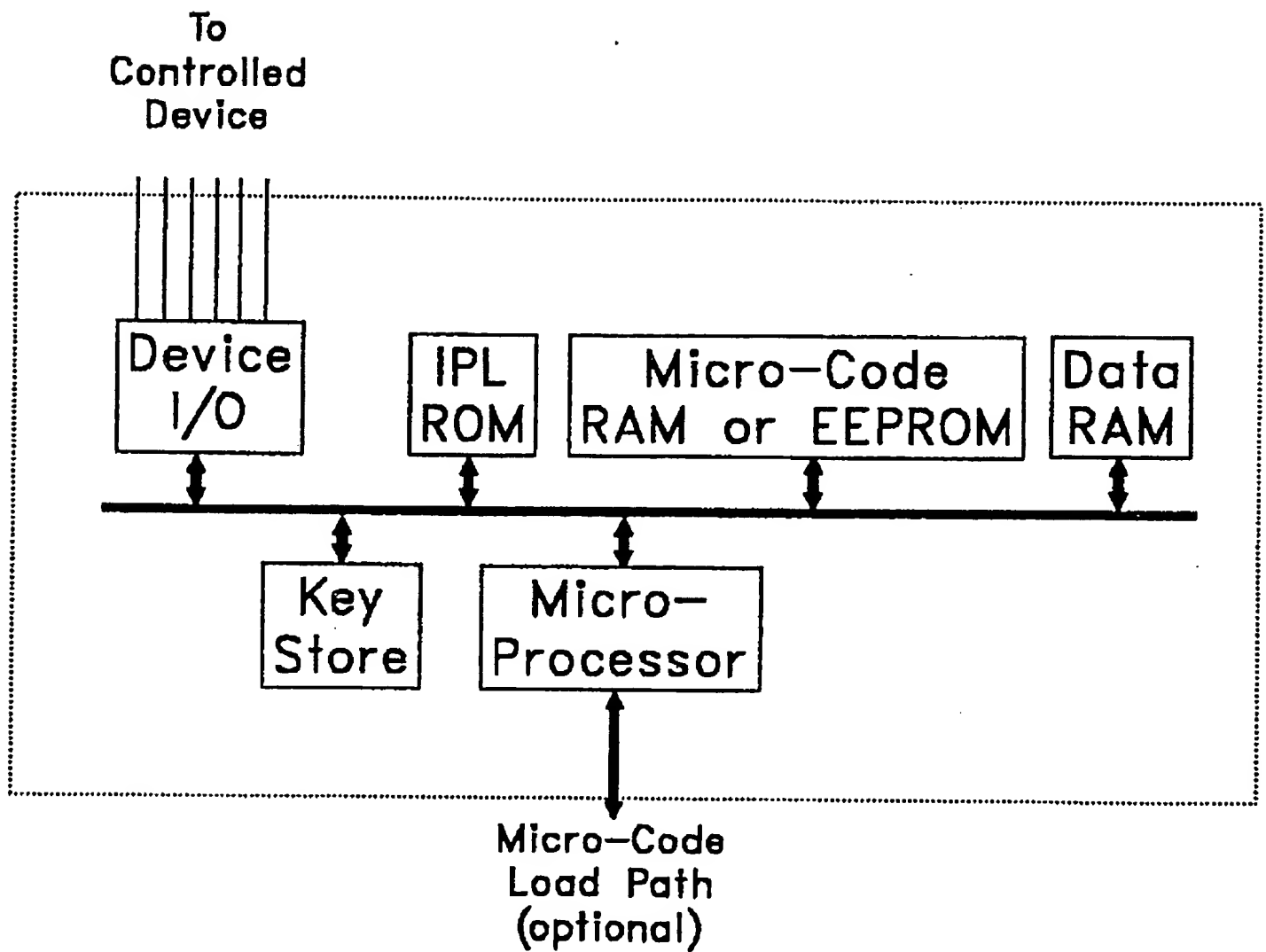   -   3.   Microcode would become loadable and
replaceable, without
    becoming vulnerable.
        -           4.   Microcode upgrades could be sold for added
value.
        -           The subject of key distribution and management
is quite
    complicated and has not been dealt with here. There
are, however,
    defined methods of key distribution which are
appropriate for this
    type of system.

To
Controlled
Device

Cryptographic Micro-controller Block Diagram